

Fifth Annual Conference on Carbon Capture & Sequestration

Perspectives from the Power Generation Industry on Utilizing CO<sub>2</sub> Emission Reduction Technologies: Investing and Deploying

Jeff Sterba Chairman, President, CEO PNM Resources, Inc.

May 9, 2006



# Utility industry faces mounting cost pressures and uncertainty.

#### **Generation Additions**

- Capacity needs
- Renewable Portfolio Standards
- Environmental controls
- GHG regulations

**Higher fuel costs** 

**Transmission expansion** 

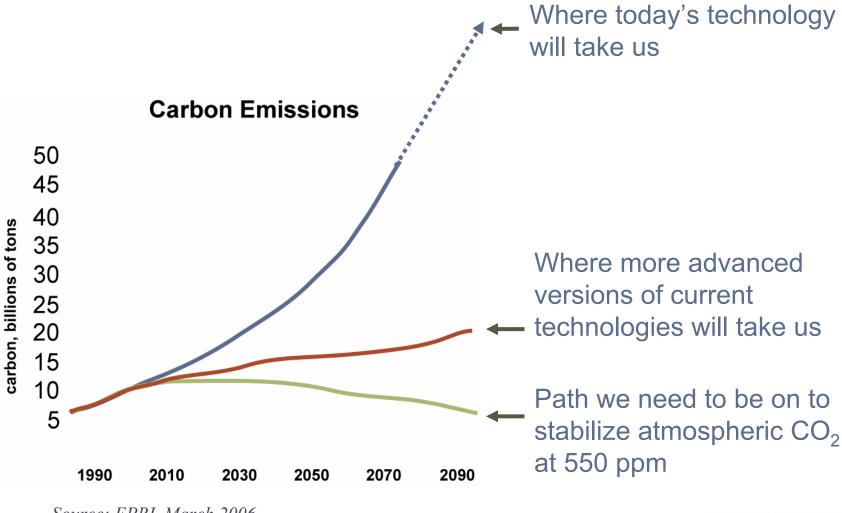


## CO<sub>2</sub> is changing the way utilities think about future resources...

- Scientific community agrees that human activity is modifying the climate.
- Growing pressure to act on CO<sub>2</sub>.
- Cost implications for the electric utility sector and generation technologies are significant.
- Resource investment decisions must consider costs of climate change regulations.



## Current technology will not get us to where we need to be...

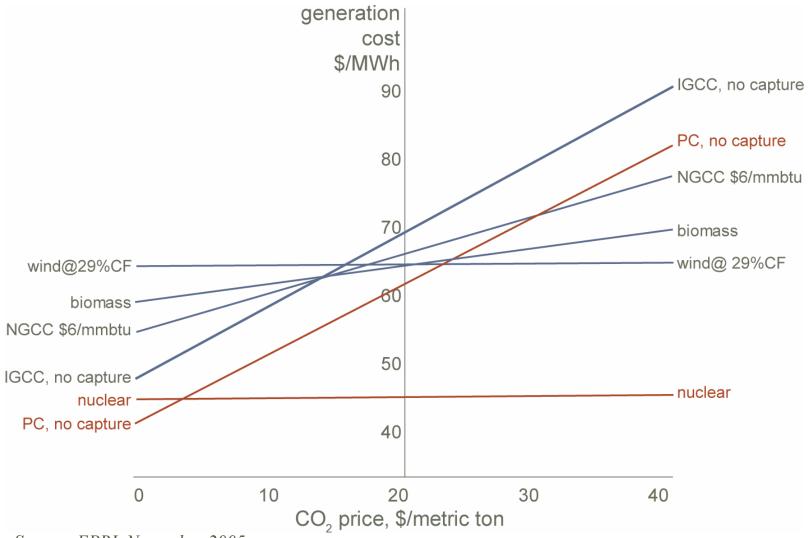


Source: EPRI, March 2006



## **Challenge of Carbon**

#### 2010 technologies

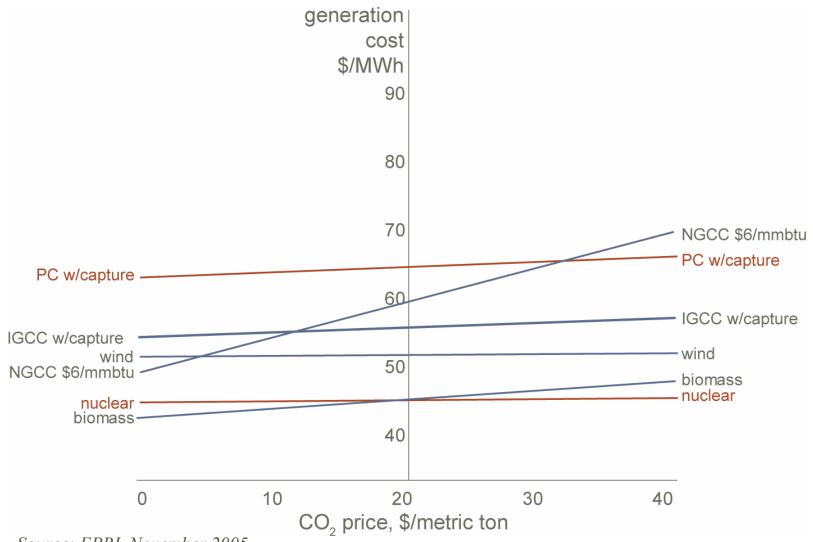


Source: EPRI, November 2005



## **Challenge of Carbon**

#### 2020 technologies

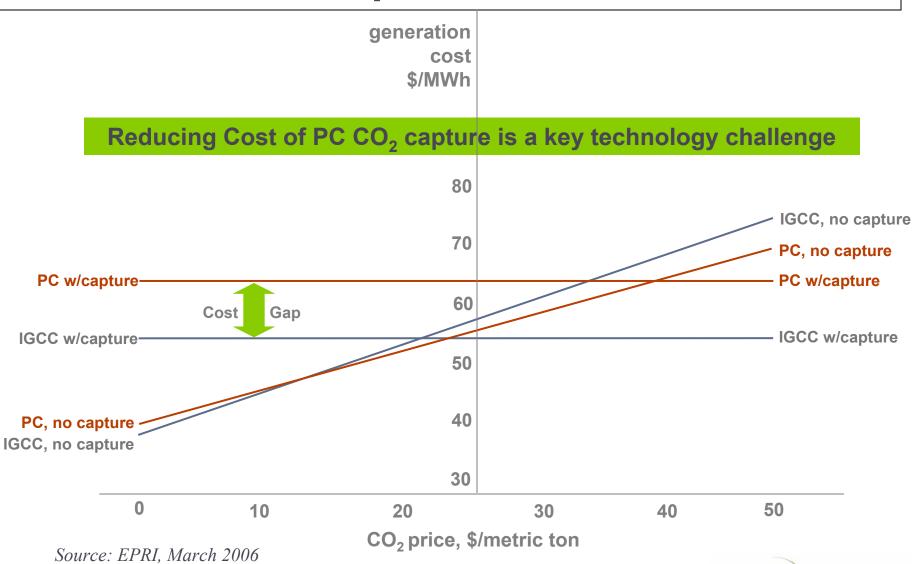


Source: EPRI, November 2005



### **IGCC** and **PC** Comparison

#### 2020 technologies



## Taking the Long View – Technology is Key

- Most utilities favor voluntary programs in the short-term, though some think regulation is appropriate
- Wide variety of initiatives underway, ranging from voluntary programs to investments in new technologies
- A 550ppm stabilization scenario suggests over 1100GW globally of fossil generation with capture operating in 2050
- One thing is clear: New technologies will be needed, supported by well-conceived public policies, to achieve substantial CO2 cuts under any greenhouse gas regime
- Mandatory targets and timetables are not sufficient without policies that support increased investment in existing and new, low- and non-emitting technologies

